| | | | | | | CENTRAL BENEFIT | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------|---------|
| USN | | | | | | LIBRAN AVAR Mangaloge | 14MBA22 |

Second Semester MBA Degree Examination, Aug./Sept.2020 **Financial Management**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

SECTION - A

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 What is time value of Money?

(03 Marks)

2 What is Money Market?

(03 Marks)

3 What do you mean by Capital budgeting?

(03 Marks)

- 4 A company is considering the purchase of a machinery costing Rs 36,000. The machine can reduce annual labour cost by Rs 6000. Calculate the payback period. (03 Marks)
- 5 What is operating cycle?

(03 Marks)

6 What is optimum capital structure?

(03 Marks)

7 Define financial engineering.

(03 Marks)

SECTION - B

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 Explain the types of derivatives.

(07 Marks)

2 Explain the factors influencing capital structure decisions.

Rs 15,000

(07 Marks)

What are the principles of cash flow estimation?

(07 Marks)

- 4 An investor deposits Rs 200 in a bank account for 5 years at 8% interest. Find out the amount which he will have in his account if interest is compounded.
 - (i) Annually
 - ii) Semi annually (6 month)

iii) Quarterly.

Interest charges

(07 Marks)

- A company issues Rs 10, 00,000, 10% redeemable debentures at a discount of 5%. The cost of floatation amounts to Rs 30,000. The debentures are redeemable after 5 years at par. Calculate after tax cost of debt assuming a tax rate of 50%.

 (07 Marks)
- 6 Calculate operating leverage, financial leverage and combined leverage from the following data

Sales (1,00,000 units) Rs 2,00,000 Variable cost per units Rs 0.70 Fixed cost Rs 65,000

(07 Marks)



- 7 The following information is available in respect of a trading firm. :
 - i) On an average, debtors are collected after 15 days, inventories have an average holding period of 25 days and creditors' payment period on an average is 10 days.
 - ii) The firm spends a total of Rs 40 lakh annually at a constant rate.
 - iii) It can earn 10% on investment.

For the above information, compute

- a) The cash cycle
- b) Cash turn over and
- c) Minimum amount of cash to be maintained to meet payments as they become due Savings by reducing the average inventory holding period by 10 days. (07 Marks)

SECTION - C

Note: Answer any FOUR questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.7.

1 Elucidate the factors influencing working capital requirements of a firm.

(10 Marks)

2 Discuss the various long term sources of funds.

(10 Marks)

- 3 "Wealth maximization objective is superior to profit maximization objective". Do you agree? (10 Marks)
- 4 Discuss the dangers of excess working capital and inadequate working capital. (10 Marks)
- 5 Chandra Ltd has a capital of Rs 10,00,000 divided into 1,00,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each. The management desires to raise another Rs 10,00,000 to finance a major expansion programme. There are four possible financial plans:
 - a. All equity shares.
 - b. All Debentures carrying 8% interest.
 - c. Rs 5,00,000 in equity shares and Rs 5,00,000 in debentures carrying 10% interest.
 - d. Rs 5,00,000 in equity shares and Rs 5,00,000 in 10% preference shares.

You are required to calculate EPS if the EBIT is Rs 6,00,000. Assume tax rate 30%.

(10 Marks)

A company has an investment opportunity costing Rs 40,000 with the following expected net cash inflows:

| | - | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | -5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Net cash | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 8,000 | 10,000 | 15,000 | 10,000 | 4,000 |
| inflows | | | | 4> | | | | | | |

Determine the NPV and IRR of the investment opportunity. The cost of capital of the company is 10%.

- 7 If the discount/required rate is 10%, compute the present value of the cash flow streams detailed below:
 - a) Rs 100 at the end of year 1 (one);
 - b) Rs 100 at the end of year 4;
 - c) Rs 100 at the end of i) year 3 and ii) year 5 and
 - d) Rs 100 for the next 10 years (for years 1 through 10).

(10 Marks)



SECTION - D CASE STUDY - [Compulsory]

A company is currently operating at 60 percent level, producing 36,000 units of a product and proposes to increase in capacity utilization in the coming year by 33.33% over the existing level of production. The following data has been supplied.

| Cost structure per unit | Ks |
|-------------------------|----|
| Raw Materials | 80 |
| Wages (variables) | 40 |
| Overheads (variables) | 40 |
| Fixed overheads | 20 |

Profit 60
Selling price 240

Additional Information

- a) Raw materials will remain in stores for 1 month before being issued for production. Materials will remain in process for further one month. Supplier grant 3 months credits to the company.
- b) Finished goods remain in stores for 1 month.
- c) Debtors are allowed credit for 2 month.
- d) Average time lag in payment of wages and overheads is 1 month and these expenses accrue evenly throughout the production cycle.
- e) Selling price is estimated to be increased by 10%.

You are required to prepare:

- 1) Projected profitability statement.
- 2) A statement showing working capital requirements at the new level assuming minimum cash balance of Rs 50,000. (20 Marks)